VIVIANITE

 $Fe^{2+}_{3}(PO_{4})_{2} \cdot 8 H_{2}O$

A widespread iron phosphate found in some metalliferous veins and as a weathering product in various rocks. It is also a relatively common diagenetic constituent in unconsolidated sediments and sedimentary rocks. The Michigan occurrences are of the last type. Northern and Southern Peninsulas.

Eaton County: The first documented occurrence of vivianite in Michigan rocks is at the Cheney quarry, in the NW ½ NW ¼ section 28, T1N, R6W, near Bellevue (Naski, 1982; Morris, 1983; Slaughter, 1999). Here, vivianite occurs as tabular and prismatic crystals up to 2 mm long as cementing and infilling material in the interstices of a pyrite-rich collapse shale breccia in limestone of the Bayport Formation (Mississippian). Its identity has been confirmed by optical, X-ray, and chemical means.

Lake Superior: Dell (1971) identified vivianite at various depths in 14 cores drilled into unconsolidated sediments in the bottom of Lake Superior: It appears as grains, pellets, and nodules, some of which consist of relatively well-crystalized blades. Some 12 of these drill sites are in Michigan water (Dell, 1971). The color varies from green, through blue to bluish black.

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